AMINI4DW2/G

Compact control system with Ethernet interface

Operation manual

Version 1.03





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History of revisions

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Revision	Date	Changes
100	25. 10. 2013	New document
101	18. 11. 2013	Information addition about analog inputs accuracy
102	02. 07. 2014	Chapters 2., 3., 4., 6.1., 7.3. revision, pictures revision
103	24. 07. 2014	Chapter 3. revision

Related documentation

- DetStudio Development Environment Help
- Application Note AP0016 Principles of using RS485 interface file: ap0016_en_xx.pdf
- 3. Application Note AP0017 Counter inputs, counting of revolutions/pulses file: ap0017_en_xx.pdf
- 4. Application Note AP0033 Alternative using of analogue inputs file: ap0033_en_xx.pdf
- 5. Application Note AP0037 Principles of using Ethernet network file: ap0037_en_xx.pdf
- 6. Application Note AP0046 Setting web server file: ap0046_en_xx.pdf
- 7. Application Note AP0050 Project documentation for AMiT company products file: ap0050_en_xx.pdf



1. Introduction

AMiNi4DW2/G is a small, compact control system built in plastic box.

Basic features •

- Graphic black & white LCD display (122 × 32) pixels
- 8 buttons
- 8 galvanically separated digital inputs
- 8 galvanically separated digital outputs
- 8 analogue inputs U / I / Ni1000 / Pt1000
- 4 analogue outputs 0 V to 10 V
- Internal GSM modem
- RS485 serial interface with galvanic separation
- Ethernet 10/100 Mbps interface
- Integrated web server
- Slot for SD card
- DIN 35 mm rail mounting



2. Technical parameters

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U	_	u

Procedural / Communication	ST10F269 / STM32F207
FLASH memory	256 KB + 2048 KB
RAM	1024 KB
EEPROM	2 KB
RAM + RTC back-up	Panasonic BR2477/CHCE Lithium battery
Battery lifetime	5 years

RTC

Type	RTC72423A
Precision at 25 °C	±20 ppm
Precision 0 °C to 50 °C	-40 ppm to +20 ppm

Display, keyboard

Display	Graphic (122 × 32) pixels
Backlight	Green LED
Keyboard	8 buttons
Buttons lifetime	10 ⁶ touches

SD card

Type	Micro SD (HC)
Capacity	128 MB to 16 GB *)

Note: *) Micro SD card is not part of delivery.

Digital inputs

Quantity	8
Configuration	1 × 8
Common pole	Minus
Type of input	24 V DC / 24 V AC
Logical 0	Min30 V, max. 5 V
Logical 1	Min. 16 V, max. 30 V
Input current	11 mA at 24 V DC
Input peak current	Max. 16 mA at 30 V DC
Maximum frequency	60 kHz at 10 % duty cycle distortion
	160 kHz at 30 % duty cycle distortion
Galvanic separation	Yes, common with DO
Insulation strength	300 V AC /1 minute *)
Connection points	WAGO 231-309/102-000 connector
Wire cross section	0.08 mm ² to 2.5 mm ²

Note: *) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.

Digital outputs

Number of outputs	8
Configuration	1 × 8
Common wire	Minus
Switching element	MOS
Switched voltage	19.2 V DC to 28.8 V DC
Switched current	300 mA
Protection current maximum	Typically 1.5 A
Residual current at Log. 0	0 mA
Switch-on time	40 µs
Switch-off time	100 μs
Shortcut protection	Electronic
Inductive load protection	Electronic



Galvanic separation	Yes, common with DI
Insulation strength	300 V AC /1 minute *)
Connection points	WAGO 231-309/102-000 connector
Wire cross section	0.08 mm ² to 2.5 mm ²

Note: *) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.

Analogue inputs

Number of inputs	8
Configuration	1 × 8
Common wire	Minus
Type of inputs	0 V to 5 V / 0 V to 10 V / 0 mA to 20 mA /
	/ Ni1000 / Pt1000 /
	/ 24 V digital input
Resolution	10 bit
Galvanic separation	No
Connection points	WAGO 231-305/102-000 connector
	WAGO 231-304/102-000 connector
Wire cross section	0.08 mm ² to 2.5 mm ²

Caution: AGND (24) terminal is internally connected with GDN (33) terminal of system power supply connector.

Input range 0 V to 5 V DC

AD converter resolution (LSB)	5 mV
Accuracy	0.1 % *)
Temperature dependence	25 ppm/°C
Input DC resistance	Minimum 1 MΩ
Input circuit time constant	1 ms
Input overvoltage protection	Diodes
Maximum input voltage	50 V DC permanently

Input range 0 V to 10 V DC

AD converter resolution (LSB)	10 mV
Accuracy	0.2 % *)
Temperature dependence	35 ppm/°C
Input resistance	20 kΩ
Input circuit time constant	0.5 ms
Input overvoltage protection	Diodes
Maximum input voltage	50 V DC permanently

Input range 0 mA to 20 mA

AD converter resolution (LSB)	20 μΑ
Accuracy	0.2 % *)
Temperature dependence	75 ppm/°C
Input resistance	249 Ω/0.1 %
Input circuit time constant	1 ms
Input overvoltage protection	Diodes
Maximum input current	30 mA DC **)

- Note: *) Measurement accuracy may be reduced by 15 % during electromagnetic interference, see chapter 3.
 - **) At input voltage higher than 7.5 V (input current higher than 30 mA DC) thermal overload of sensing resistor occurs.



Ni1000 input

Measuring range	-50 °C to 150 °C
Ni1000 sensor constant	6180 ppm/°C
AD converter resolution (LSB)	0.3 °C *)
Accuracy (range Ni1000. Depends on	T = -50 °C
measured value. Interpolation needs to be performed)	T = 150 °C 1.2 °C **)
Input temperature dependence	75 ppm/°C
Input circuit time constant	1 ms
Input overvoltage protection	Diodes ***)

- *Note:* *) While NOS operating system is used.
 - **) Measurement accuracy may be reduced by 15 % during electromagnetic interference, see chapter 3.
 - ***) Only a resistive sensor can be connected to this input. According to technical design, when sensor is not connected, voltage of 12 V occurs on Alx input - voltage is switched on for 10 ms in 110 ms interval, common voltmeter will show average value.

Pt1000 input

Measured temperature range	-50 °C to 250 °C
Pt1000 sensor constant	3900 ppm/°C
AD converter resolution (LSB)	1 °C *)
Accuracy	T = -50 °C 1.0 °C **) T = 0 °C 1.3 °C **) T = 250 °C 2.6 °C **)
Input temperature dependence	75 ppm/°C
Input circuit time constant	1 ms
Input overvoltage protection	Diodes ***)

- *Note:* *) While NOS operating system is used.
 - **) Measurement accuracy may be reduced by 15 % during electromagnetic interference, see chapter 3.
 - ***) Only a resistive sensor can be connected to this input. According to technical design, when sensor is not connected, voltage of 12 V occurs on Alx input - voltage is switched on for 10 ms in 110 ms interval, common voltmeter will show average value.

Digital input 24 V

Logical 0	Min30 V, max. 5 V
Logical 1	Min. 8 V, max. 30 V
Input current	2 mA at 24 V DC
Input peak current	Max. 3 mA at 30 V DC
Input overvoltage protection	Diodes
Maximum frequency	100 Hz at 10 % duty cycle distortion
	500 Hz at 30 % duty cycle distortion
Galvanic separation	No
Maximum input voltage	50 V DC permanently
Galvanic separation	500 Hz at 30 % duty cycle distortion No

Analogue outputs

Number of outputs	4
Configuration	1 × 4
Common wire	Minus



0 V to 10 V
1 kΩ
10 nF
10 mA
0.2 %
10 bit
10 mV
Maximum 25 ms
20 mV
35 ppm/°C
100 m
Transil 600 W
No
WAGO 231-305/102-000 connector
0.08 mm ² to 2.5 mm ²

Caution: AGND (1) terminal is internally connected with GDN (33) terminal of system power supply.

Presented parameters are valid while NOS operating system is used.

GSM

GSM bands	850 MHz, 900 MHz, 1800 MHz, 1900 MHz
Modem type	TELIT GL865-DUAL V3
SIM card type	Mini (2FF)
Antenna connection *)	SMA connector

Note: *) Antenna is not included.

RS485

Overvoltage protection	Transil 600 W
Terminating resistor **)	120 Ω on control system
Idle state definition **)	
up to +5 V	1 KΩ on control system
up to 0 V	1 KΩ on control system
Maximum wire length	1200 m / 19200 bps
Maximum stations count	32
Operation indication	LED on panel
Galvanic separation	Yes
Insulation strength	300 V AC / 1 minute *)
Connection point	WAGO 231-303/102-000 connector
Wire cross section	0.08 mm ² to 2.5 mm ²

- Note: *) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.
 - **) Terminating resistor and idle state definition are connected together.

Ethernet

Data transmission rate	10/100 Mbps
Interface controller used	STM32F207 + LAN8720
Operation indication	LED on panel
Galvanic separation	Yes
Insulation strength	300 V AC / 1 minute *)
Connection point	RJ45 connector, according to IEEE802.3

Note: *) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.



Power supply

Nominal power supply voltage	24 V DC
Power supply voltage range	19.2 V DC to 28.8 V DC
Power consumption	Max. 200 mA at 24 V DC
Connection point	WAGO 231-302/102-000 connector
Wire cross section	0.75 mm ² to 2.5 mm ²

Mechanics

Mechanical design	Plastic box
Mounting	DIN 35 mm rail mounting
Ingress protection rate	IP20
Weight – netto	0.46 kg ±5 %
brutto	0.56 kg ±5 %
Dimensions (w × h × d)	(160 × 95 × 74) mm

Temperatures

Operating temperature	0 °C to 50 °C
Storage temperature	-20 °C to 70 °C

Others

Maximum ambient humidity	< 95 % non-condensing
Programming	DetStudio (NOS)

2.1. Dimensions

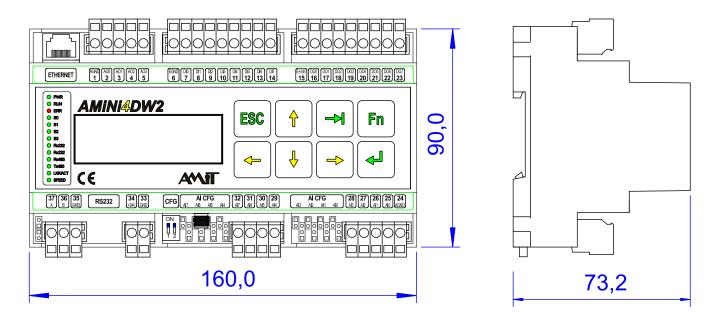


Fig. 1 - AMiNi4DW2/G dimensions



2.2. Recommended drawing symbol

Following drawing symbol is recommended for **AMiNi4DW2/G** control system. Only part of it will be visible in following examples.

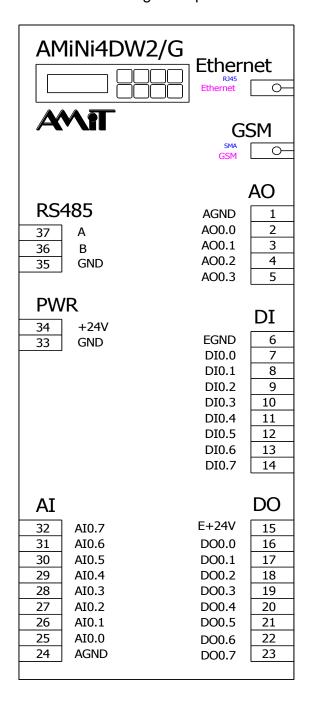


Fig. 2 - Recommended drawing symbol for AMiNi4DW2/G



3. Conformity assessment

The equipment meets the requirements of NV616/2006 Czech governmental decree. The compliance assessment has been performed in accordance with harmonized standard EN 61326.

Tested in accordance with standard	Type of test	Class
EN 55011:2009	Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement	Complies, A *)
EN 61000-4-2:2009	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test	8 kV
EN 61000-4-3:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test	Complies **)
EN 61000-4-4:2012	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test, power supply	±4 kV
EN 61000-4-4:2012	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test, input	±2 kV
EN 61000-4-5:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test, power supply.	±2 kV
EN 61000-4-5:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test, RS485, Ethernet	±2 kV *)
EN 61000-4-5:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test, other	±1 kV *)
EN 61000-4-6:2009	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	10 V **)

^{*)} This is device of Class A. In the internal environment this product can cause some radio disturbances. In such case the user may be asked to take the appropriate measures.

^{**)} During interference, measurement accuracy on analogue inputs is reduced.

Other than power supply circuitry cabling, which is longer than 30 m must be carried out by using the shielded cables.



3.1. Other tests

Tested in accordance with standard	Type of test	Classification
EN 60068-2-1:2007	Environmental testing – Part 2-1: Tests – Test A: Cold	Complies
EN 60068-2-2:2007	Environmental testing – Part 2-2: Tests – Test B: Dry heat	Complies
EN 61000-4-29:2000	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-29: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on d.c. input power port immunity tests	Complies



4. Power supply

AMiNi4DW2/G control system can be powered only by DC power supply. Power source must meet the requirements stated in chapter 2. Technical parameters.

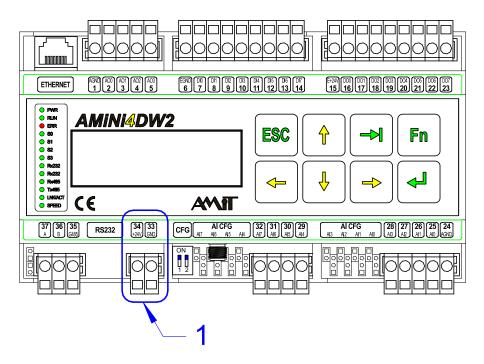


Fig. 3 - Power supply connector location

Number	Meaning
1	Power supply connector

Connectors numbering

Terminal	Label	Meaning
33	GND	Power supply GND
34	+24V	Power supply +24 V DC



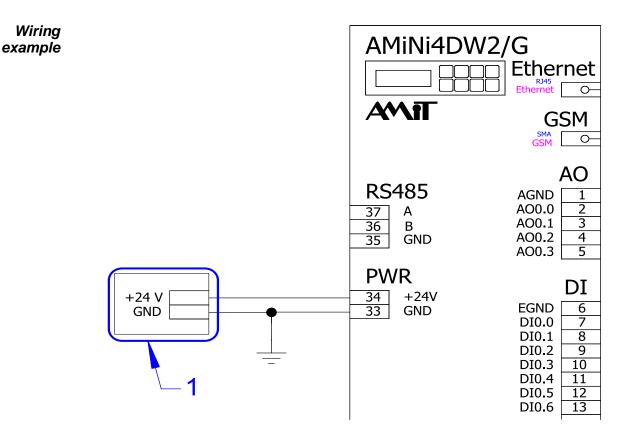


Fig. 4 - Wiring example of single control system

Legend	Number	Meaning
	1	External power supply 24 V DC

Note: It is recommended to connect the GND, AGND and EGND terminals with switchboard PE terminal when installation is made.



Inputs/outputs 5.

5.1. **Digital inputs**

Digital inputs of AMiNi4DW2/G control system can be used for AC as well as for DC signal. The way of evaluating is determined by software.

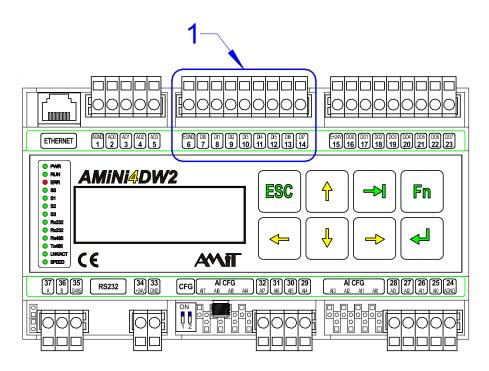


Fig. 5 - Inputs DI0.0 to DI0.7 connector location

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	Inputs DI0.0 to DI0.7 connector

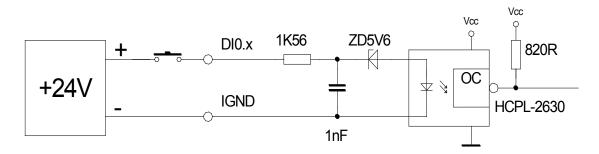


Fig. 6 - Wiring scheme of single digital input channel

Counter Digital counter inputs can be used on two different ways:

inputs • INT program counter

Program counter

INT program Each digital input of the system can generate hardware interruption. These counter inputs can be programmed as counters through Interrupt_x processes.



Limitation of input signal frequency is given by program. It can be used typically up to 10 kHz frequency.

Program Each digital input can be operated by program in Hi_x processes. These inputs counter can be programmed as counters. Limitation of input signal frequency is given by program. It can be used typically up to 250 Hz frequency.

> Other information about counter inputs can be found in Application Note AP0017 - Counter inputs, counting of revolutions/pulses.

Connectors numbering

Terminal	Label	Meaning
6	EGND	Ground terminal
7	DI0.0	Digital input 0
8	DI0.1	Digital input 1
9	DI0.2	Digital input 2
10	DI0.3	Digital input 3
11	DI0.4	Digital input 4
12	DI0.5	Digital input 5
13	DI0.6	Digital input 6
14	DI0.7	Digital input 7

Wiring examples

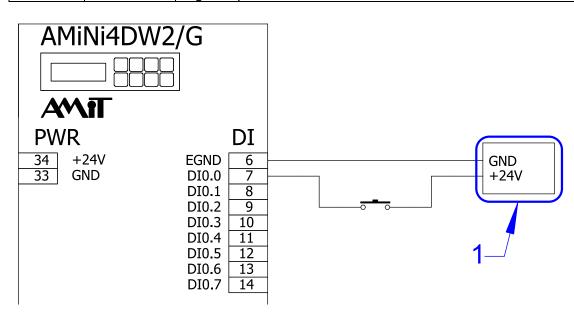


Fig. 7 - Passive contact supplied from individual power supply

Legen

nd	Number	Meaning
	1	External power supply 24 V DC



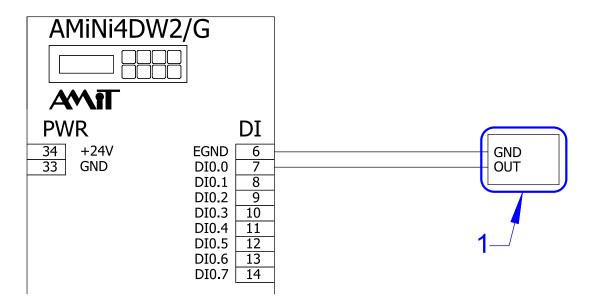


Fig. 8 - Connecting self-supplied active output

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	Sensor with self-supplied active output

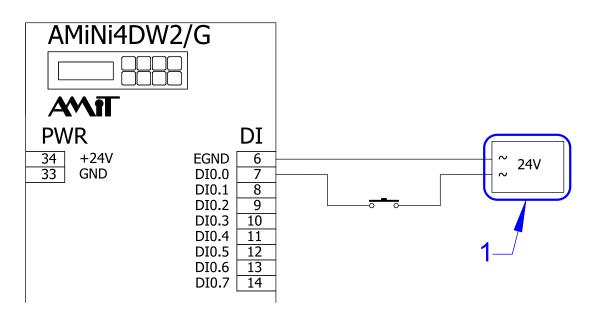


Fig. 9 - Passive contact supplied from AC power supply

L

Legend	Number	Meaning
	1	External power supply 24 V AC

Note: It is recommended to connect the GND and EGND terminals with switchboard PE terminal when installation is made.



5.2. Digital outputs

Semiconductor outputs are implemented as galvanically separated MOS switches 24 V/300 mA DC. Output is shortcut-protected, overheating-proof and protected against overvoltage upon switching an inductive load.

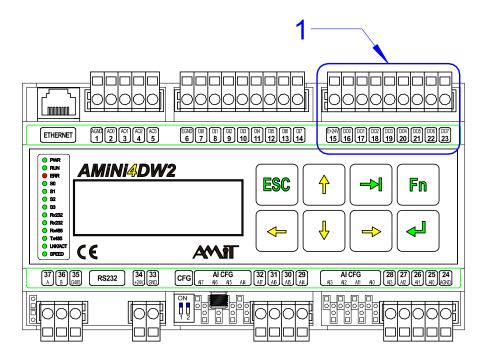


Fig. 10 - Outputs DO0.0 to DO0.7 connector location

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	Outputs DO0.0 to DO0.7 connector

Connectors numbering

Terminal	Label	Meaning
15	E+24V	Supplying of outputs
16	DO0.0	Digital output 0
17	DO0.1	Digital output 1
18	DO0.2	Digital output 2
19	DO0.3	Digital output 3
20	DO0.4	Digital output 4
21	DO0.5	Digital output 5
22	DO0.6	Digital output 6
23	DO0.7	Digital output 7

Note: Digital input ground terminal 6 (EGND) should be used as a digital output ground terminal (it is common for digital inputs and outputs).



Wiring example

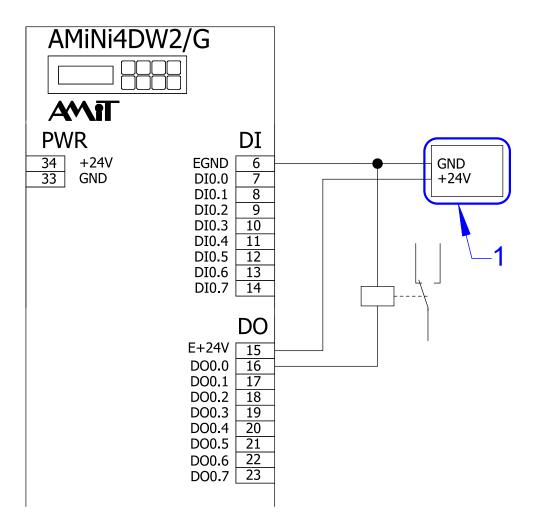


Fig. 11 - Operating the power contactor by semiconductor output

Legend

Number	Meaning	
1	External power supply 24 V DC	

Note: It is necessary to wire terminals E+24V as well as EGND, otherwise the outputs will not work properly.

It is recommended to connect the GND and EGND terminals with switchboard PE terminal when installation is made.



5.3. Analogue inputs

AMiNi4DW2/G control system has eight built-in analogue input channels. All inputs can be independently configured for ranges $0\ V$ to $5\ V$ / $0\ V$ to $10\ V$ / $0\ mA$ to $20\ mA$ or for direct connection of Ni1000 / Pt1000 sensors.

The analogue inputs can be also utilized as digital inputs. The way of signal evaluating is determined by software.

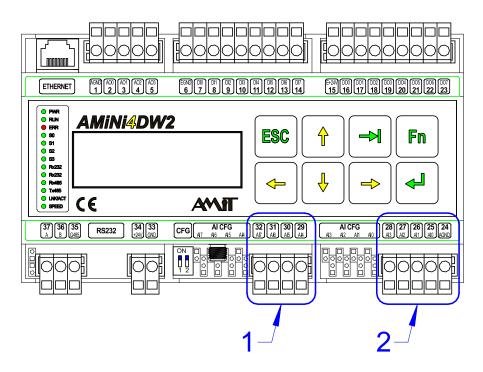


Fig. 12 - Inputs AI0.0 to AI0.7 connectors location

Legend

Number	Number Meaning	
1	Inputs AI0.4 to AI0.7 connector	
2	Inputs AI0.0 to AI0.3 connector	

Connectors numbering

Terminal	Label	Meaning
24	AGND	Analogue ground
25	AI0.0	Analogue input 0
26	AI0.1	Analogue input 1
27	AI0.2	Analogue input 2
28	AI0.3	Analogue input 3
29	AI0.4	Analogue input 4
30	AI0.5	Analogue input 5
31	Al0.6	Analogue input 6
32	AI0.7	Analogue input 7



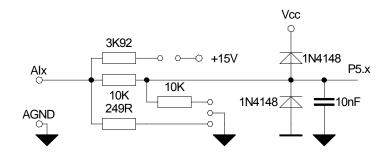


Fig. 13 - Wiring scheme of analogue input single channel

0 V to 5 V

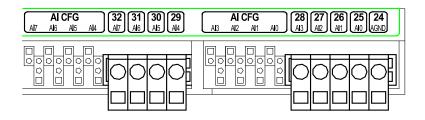


Fig. 14 - Setting configuration jumpers for range 0 V to 5 V

0 V to 10 V

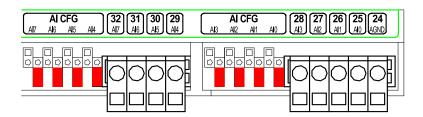


Fig. 15 - Setting configuration jumpers for 0 V to 10 V range, digital input 24 V

0 mA to 20 mA

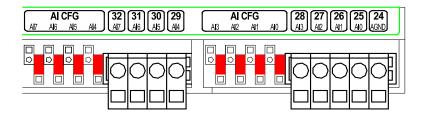


Fig. 16 - Setting configuration jumpers for 0 mA to 20 mA range

Ni1000 Pt1000

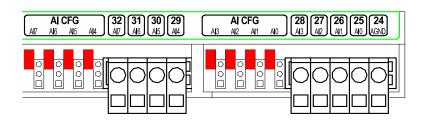


Fig. 17 - Setting configuration jumpers for Ni1000 / Pt1000 sensors



Jumpers Configuration jumpers are accessible without cover dismounting. location

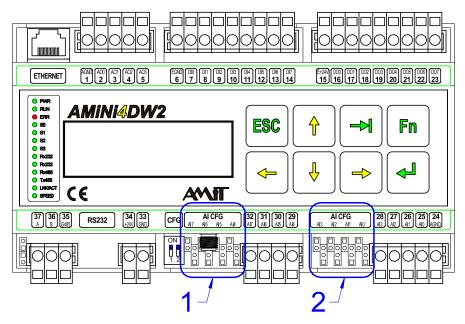


Fig. 18 - Configuration jumpers location

Legend

Number	lumber Meaning	
1	Configuration jumpers for inputs AI0.4 to AI0.7	
2	Configuration jumpers for inputs Al0.0 to Al0.3	

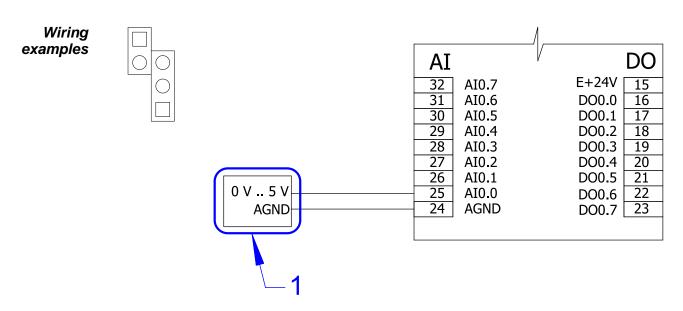


Fig. 19 - Connecting voltage sensor 0 V to 5 V

L

Legend	Number	Meaning
	1	Voltage sensor with 0 V to 5 V output



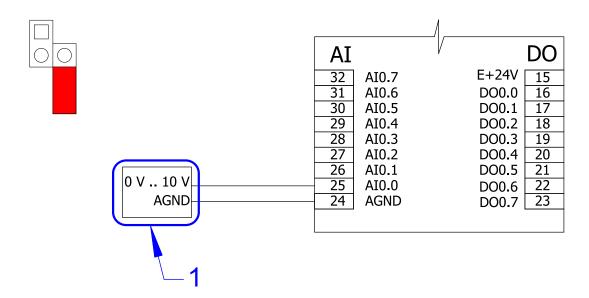


Fig. 20 - Connecting voltage sensor 0 V to 10 V

Legend Number Meaning

1 Voltage sensor with 0 V to 10 V output

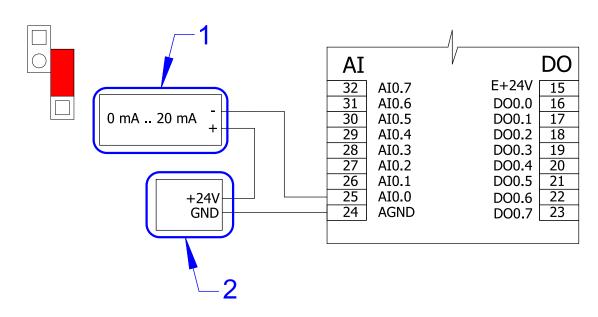


Fig. 21 - Connecting sensor with current output 0 mA to 20 mA (4 mA to 20 mA)

Legend	

'	Number	Meaning	
	1	Current sensor with 0 mA to 20 mA (4 mA to 20 mA) output	
	2	Power supply 24 V DC	



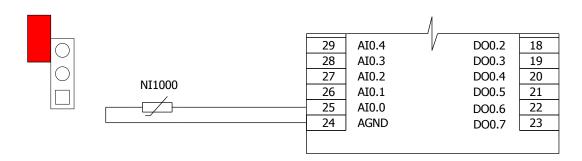


Fig. 22 - Connecting Ni1000 sensor

Reference The +5.0 V DC reference voltage is located on control system I/O board. By **voltage** manufacturer is set the reference voltage with 1 mV precision. The setting **supply** trimmer is secured by colour drop.

Note: Details about shield wiring and overvoltage protection are presented in Application Note – AP0050 – Project documentation for AMiT company products.

5.4. Analogue outputs

AMiNi4DW2/G control system has four voltage analogue outputs. Output range is 0 V to 10 V. Outputs control is internally realized on the PWM basis.

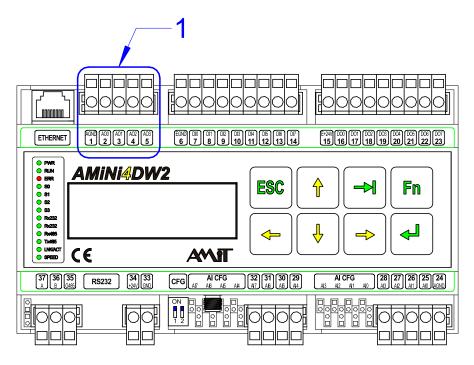


Fig. 23 - Outputs AO0.0 to AO0.3 connector location

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	Outputs AO0.0 to AO0.3 connector



Connectors numbering

Terminal	Label	Meaning
1	AGND	Analogue ground
2	AO0.0	Analogue output 0
3	AO0.1	Analogue output 1
4	AO0.2	Analogue output 2
5	AO0.3	Analogue output 3



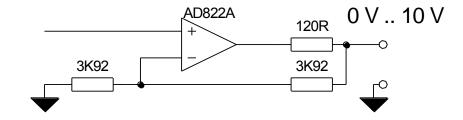


Fig. 24 - Wiring scheme of final stage of single channel analogue output

Wiring examples

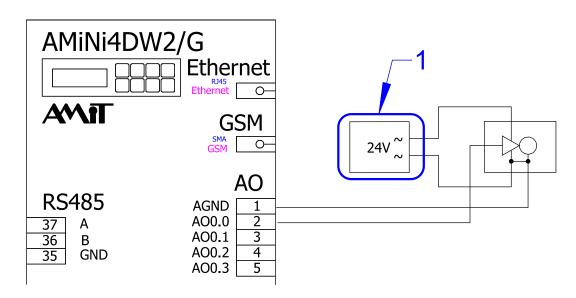


Fig. 25 - Connecting AC supplied servo

Legend

nd	Number	Meaning
	1	AC power supply



6. Communication lines

AMiNi4DW2/G control system is equipped with three communication interfaces.

- RS485 interface
- Ethernet interface
- GSM modem

6.1. RS485

RS485 is a Half-duplex serial interface, which is led out to WAGO connector. Interface can be also used for interconnecting of more stations (up to 32 on one segment) All stations communicate through single signal pair. RS485 has a number 1 within SW, in case of using NOS.

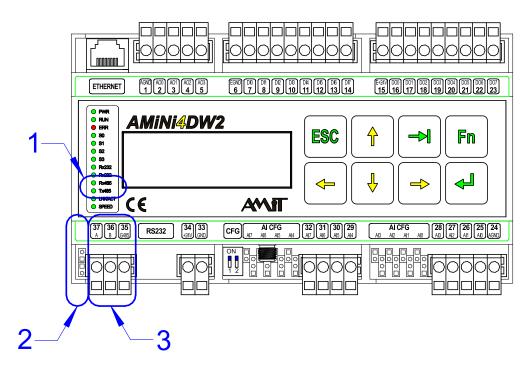


Fig. 26 - RS485 connector and indication LEDs location

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	RS485 line LED indicators
2	Jumpers for idle state definition and RS485 line termination
3	RS485 line connector

Connector numbering

Terminal	Label	Meaning	
35	G485	RS485 line ground	
36 B RS485 line, signal B			
37	А	RS485 line, signal A	

Activity of RS485 line is indicated by LEDs located on front panel.



RS485
indication
<i>LEDs</i>

LED	Meaning
Rx485	Lights when receiving data
Tx485	Lights when sending data

6.1.1 RS485 line termination

Two configuration jumpers which are used for line termination and idle state definition are located near RS485 interface.

Both jumpers must be set at end-station (idle state definition and line termination is connected).

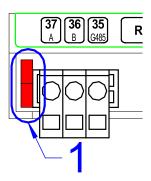


Fig. 27 - Connected jumpers on end station

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	Connected jumpers for idle state definition and RS485 line termination

Both jumpers must be disconnected at intermediate stations (idle state definition and line termination is disconnected).

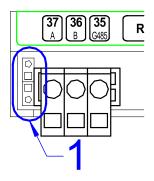


Fig. 28 - Disconnected jumpers on end station

Legend

Number	Meaning
1	Disonnected jumpers for idle state definition and RS485 line termination

Meaning of jumpers

Jumpe	ers	Meaning
Are s	et	End-station – Idle state and line termination is active
Are not	set	Intermediate station – Idle state and line termination is inactive



More information about using the RS485 line can be found in Application Note – *AP0016 – Principles of using RS485 interface*.

6.2. Ethernet

Through Ethernet interface the system can be directly connected into computer LAN network, and is led out to RJ45 connector. For connecting it is possible to use components of standard structured cabling.

Ethernet interface can be used for visualization as well as for control system remote application loading. TCP/IP protocols family is used for communication, therefore the communication network can be shared both by control systems and personal computers.

The **AMiNi4DW2/G** control system can be utilized as bridge to RS485 network with DB-Net protocol.

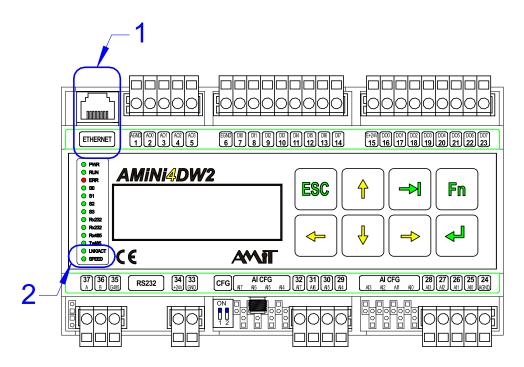


Fig. 29 - Ethernet connector and indication LEDs location

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Number	Meaning
1	Ethernet line LED indicators
2	Ethernet line connector

Activity on Ethernet line is indicated by system LEDs located on front panel.

RS485
indication
LEDs

5	LED	Meaning
,	LNK/ACT	Lights when connected to network, blinks when sending / receiving data
;	Speed	Lights in 100 Mbps network, does not light in 10 Mbps network

Details about Ethernet interface can be found in Application Note – *AP0037* – *Principles of using Ethernet*.



6.3. GSM modem

SMS messages can be sent/received to/from control system in UPD mode via integrated modem. Within SW the GSM port has number 2, in case of using NOS.

Antenna (not included) can be connected to control system via SMA connector on the bottom of the control system. Slot for SIM card is located behind analogue input connector AI4 to AI7, close to antenna connector.

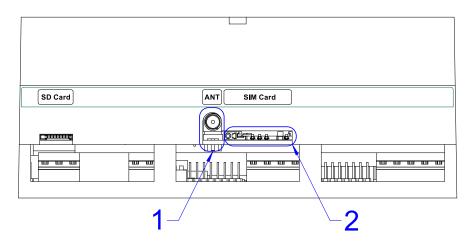


Fig. 30 - Antenna connector and slot for SIM card location

Legend

Number	Meaning	
1	SMA connector for antenna connection	
2	SIM card slot	

SIM card must be inserted with contacts towards the base board (board with WAGO connectors) of **AMiNi4DW2/G**. Inserting / removing the SIM card must be performed only with control system power supply turned OFF!

GSM interface activity is indicated by Rx232 and Tx232 LEDs, located on front panel.

RS232 LED indicators

LED	Meaning	
Rx232	Lights when receiving data	
Tx232	Lights when sending data	



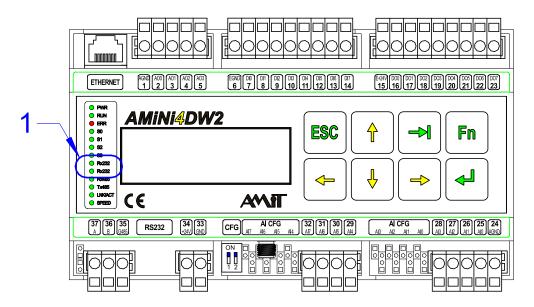


Fig. 31 - LED indicators location

Legend	Number	Meaning
	1	LED indicators for GSM communication



7. Internal measuring, SD card

7.1. Backup battery measurement

Voltage of backup battery can be measured in applications, written in DetStudio development tool via predefined analogue channel.

Operation AnIn #Vbatt, fBat, 5.000, 0.000, 10.000, 0.000, 10.000
example

Measured value is battery voltage [V].

Warning that it is time to replace the battery can be displayed in application.

7.2. Measuring of power supply voltage

Value of power supply voltage can be measured in applications, written in DetStudio development tool via predefined analogue channel.

Operation AnIn #Vint, fPwr, 56.0000, 0.000, 56.000, 0.700, 55.000
example

Measured value is power supply voltage [V].

7.3. SD card

Micro SD card slot is located on the bottom of **AMiNi4DW2/G** (behind the RS485 interface connector). The way the card is used depends on used operation system and communication process program. Details about card usage are described in application software documentation.

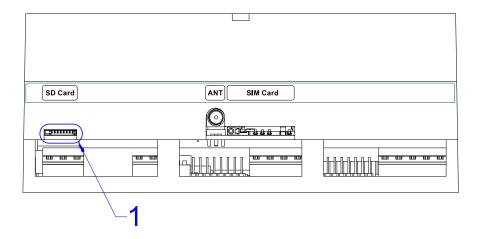


Fig. 32 - Micro SD card slot location

Legend Nu

Number	Meaning	
1	Micro SD card slot	



Card is inserted contacts up (towards **AMiNi4DW2/G** display). Inserting / removing an SD card is not subject to the connected / disconnected power supply. Card can be freely manipulated during system run, without danger of data loss or corruption.

Caution: If the Micro SD card capacity is up to 2 GB, the FAT16 has to be used. Over 2 GB the FAT32 has to be used.



8. System LEDs and CFG switches

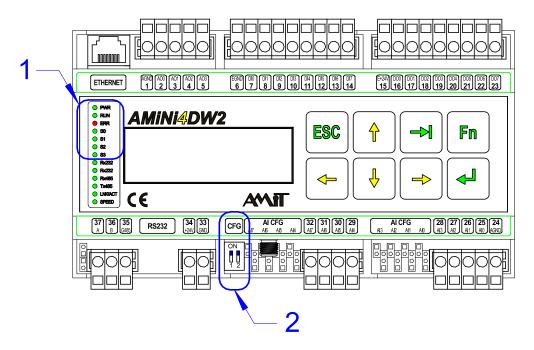


Fig. 33 - DIP switch and status indicator locations

Legend

Number	Meaning	
1	System LEDs	
2	CFG switches	

System LEDs

LED	Colour	Meaning
PWR	Green	Power supply is attached
RUN	Green	Run of SW equipment
		Blinks with 0.5 s period – NOS operation system run
		Blinks with 1 s period – application run
ERR	Red	SW equipment error
		Lights – SW error
S0	Green	Procedural processor activity
S1	Green	Procedural processor activity
S2	Green	Procedural processor activity
S3	Green	Communication processor activity

CFG switches

	Switch	Position	Meaning	
	1	ON	Setting factory defaults of communication parameters	
		OFF	Standard run	
Ī	2	ON	Switching to special mode for loading NOS	
		OFF	Standard run	



9. Configuration

9.1. HW configuration

HW configuration is done for analogue inputs and RS485 interface via configuration jumpers, described in previous chapters. Position of all configuration jumpers is apparent from the following figure.

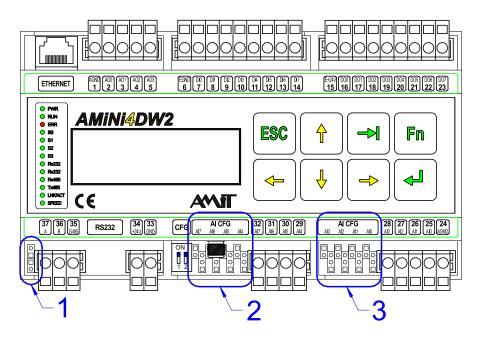


Fig. 34 - Configuration jumpers location

Legend

Number	Meaning	
1	RS485 configuration jumpers	
2	Configuration jumpers for inputs Al0.4 to Al0.7	
3	Configuration jumpers for inputs Al0.0 to Al0.3	

9.2. SW configuration

AMiNi4DW2/G control system is not equipped with SW configuration switch. SW configuration is performed by keyboard and LCD.

After NOS operating system is loaded, SW configuration can be started by holding **ENTER** during switching power supply ON.



Fig. 35 - Configuration menu



Menu item can be selected with up and down arrows, value can be changed with left and right arrows.

Settable parameters:

- System address in DB-Net network (0 to 31)
- DB-Net communication speed (9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 115200)
- DB-Net communication interface (RS232 / RS485)
- Application (run / block)
- Service mode (according to settings / force)
- Repeatedly button pressing (off / slow / fast)

After pressing **ENTER**- dialog window for saving is displayed, pressing **ESC** will exit configuration menu without saving changes.



Fig. 36 - Dialog window for saving

9.3. Factory setting, jumpers

Analogue All analogue inputs are set for range of 0 V to 10 V. **inputs**

RS 485 Jumpers, which activates line termination and idle state definition are fitted. **configuration**

Ethernet

Parameter	Default value
Station IP address	192.168.1.1
Network mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	0.0.0.0

Web server

Parameter	Default value
Administrator login/pass	root/amit
Service login/pass	service/amit
User login/pass	user/amit

Parameter	Default value
FTP server – data	20
FTP server – control	21
WEB server	80

DB-Net/IP servers

Parameter	Default value
UDP Port	59
Password	0



9.4. Restoring the factory setting

User can use this option in case of problems in communication with control system, for example, in case of control system with unknown IP address, problems in communication over Ethernet, etc.

To restore factory settings- turn OFF power supply, put HW configuration DIP switch n. 1 to position ON (see Fig. 33), turn power supply ON. It is necessary to wait, in this state, until the LED S3 is permanently lit for minimum of 15 s. Then disconnect power supply, switch the DIP switch n. 1 backwards to position OFF, and reconnect power supply. S3 LED will blink with cca 1 s. period. Factory settings are restored.



10. Mounting

AMiNi4DW2/G control system is intended for DIN 35 mm rail mounting. Control system can be mounted in horizontal and vertical position.

10.1. Installation rules

EMC filter EMC filter is used on power supply input. Based on environment nature, power source properties and wiring layout this requirement can be revised.

Connecting Connect the negative supplying terminal of control system (GND) to the **to PE** switchboard PE terminal.

Digital I/O Connect the negative terminal of all inputs and outputs to the switchboard PE terminal.

The separate supplying section is recommended. Common section for digital inputs and outputs is convenient as well.

Accomplish the connection with PE on the switchboard inlet.

Use the shielded wires for longer distance lead wires and in higher level disturbance environment. Connect the shielding to the PE terminal just on switchboard input.

If the wires are led outside the building, the appropriate inputs and outputs needs to be overvoltage protected.

Analogue Use the shielded signal cables for wiring. Connect the cable shielding to the PE *inputs* terminal just on switchboard input.

If the wires are led outside the building, the appropriate inputs and outputs needs to be overvoltage protected.

Analogue When connecting the power source for analogue drives, be particular that **outputs** power circuit does not close itself through control system analogue ground.

Use the shielded signal cables for wiring. Connect the cable shielding to the PE terminal just on switchboard input.

If the wires are led outside the building, the appropriate inputs and outputs needs to be overvoltage protected.

RS485 It is necessary to perform connecting of RS485 line according to **channel** recommendations presented in Application Note – AP0016 – Principles of using RS485 interface.

Ethernet Unshielded – patch cable can be used for service or when utilized within the **interface** switchboard frame.



In case of permanent use outside the switchboard frame, it is necessary to perform connecting of Ethernet line according to recommendations presented in Application Note - *AP0037* - *Principles of using Ethernet network*.

Note: All connections to PE terminal must be realized with as low as possible impedance. Technical parameters of unit are guaranteed only when these wiring rules are applied.



11. Ordering information and completion

Control [system

AMiNi4DW2/G	Complete, see the chapter 11.1. Completion

Others

GSM-ANT-U1S	Thin-rod angle antenna, 1 dB, without cable, SMA connector
GSM-ANT-M5S	Magnetic antenna, 5 dB, 3 m cable, SMA connector
GSM-ANT-L2S	Self-adhesive antenna, 2.5 dB, 3 m cable, SMA connector

11.1. Completion

AMiNi4DW2/G

Part	Quantity
Control system	1
WAGO 231-309/102-000	2
WAGO 231-305/102-000	2
WAGO 231-304/102-000	1
WAGO 231-303/102-000	1
WAGO 231-302/102-000	1
Operation manual	1



12. Maintenance

The control system does not require any regular inspection or service, except checking of reference voltage setting as well as voltage of backup accumulator.

Reference The reference voltage 5.0 V DC for A/D converter is set by manufacturer with voltage 1 mV precision. For voltage inspection should be used a sufficiently precise source measuring instrument!

Inspection must be carried out once every five years.

Backup For program and parameters backup in the RAM memory the backup battery is battery used. Its nominal voltage is 3.0 V DC; nominal capacity is 1 Ah. If battery voltage drops under 2.7 V DC, then it is considered to be discharged. When it happens, it is necessary to change it.

Inspection must be carried out once every five years.

With reference to manufacturer, the assumed battery lifetime is 10 years.

Cleaning Time after time with regard to way of device usage, it is necessary to remove dust from inside electronics. The equipment can be cleaned by dry soft brush or vacuum cleaner, only when turned-off and disassembled.

Note: The maintenance mentioned above can be performed by manufacturer or authorized service only!



13. Waste disposal

Electronics The disposal of electronic equipment is subject to the regulations on handling disposal electrical waste. The equipment must not be disposed off in common public waste. It must be delivered to places specified for that purpose and recycled.

Battery The equipment contains a lithium battery. The battery is a dangerous waste. disposal Therefore, it must be delivered to places specified for that purpose. Disposal of worn-out batteries and accumulators must not be in contrary to valid regulations.